



سری سوال: ۱: یک

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): نستی: ۶۰: تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: نستی: ۳۰: تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: متون حقوقی ابه زبان خارجه

رشته تحصیلی/ کد درس: حقوق ۱۲۱۲۱۷۷

11- "compensation" means:

1. remedy 2. rejection 3. ratify 4. omission

12- "damage" means:

1. control 2. draft 3. loss 4. promotion

13- "to terminate" means:

1. to effect 2. to retard 3. to buy 4. to expire

14- "to apply" means:

1. to confine 2. to fulfill 3. to fill 4. to reset

15- "rejection" means:

1. remained 2. importance 3. reward 4. refusal

16- Offer and acceptance are characteristics of

1. statute 2. agreement 3. capacity 4. bargain

17- A contract is an enforceable at law.

1. application 2. intention 3. agreement 4. notice

18- Display of goods for sale is one common forms of

1. revocation 2. invitation to treat
3. specific 4. offer

19-by the offeree immediately terminates the offer.

1. rejection 2. death 3. acceptance 4. failure

20- The general rule is that acceptance must exactly match the of the offer.

1. intention 2. terms
3. invitation 4. communications

21- The parties must have the legalto enter into contractual relations.

1. attention 2. acceptance 3. capacity 4. terms

22- Where a contract isthe general rule is that the parties must be returned to their pre-contractual positions.

1. void 2. possible 3. valid 4. voidable



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23- Most contracts arecontract ,meaning that there are no formal requirement to be met in creating one.

1. important 2. simple 3. valid 4. different

24- Where the representor makes the statement knowing it to be false , believing it to be false or being reckless as to its truth .This sentence refers to.....

1. innocent 2. rescission 3. decision 4. fraudulent

25- Death of theterminates the offer.

1. offeror 2. personal representative
 3. offeree 4. party

26- A contract is..... if it is illegal either in its objective or manner of performance.

1. fraud 2. fiduciary 3. void 4. valid

27- The result of "mistake as to the subject matter" is a

1. valid contract 2. real agreement
 3. void contract 4. precise contract

28- It is the terms of the contract that define.....of the parties to it.

1. sources 2. the rights & duties
 3. reluctant 4. functions

29- When without the fault of either party the further performance of the contract become impossible or completely pointless, the contract is.....

1. performed 2. frustrated 3. agreed 4. finished

30- A party fails to perform any or all of their obligations or performs them improperly, it refers to.....

1. real performance 2. actual breach
 3. discharged contract 4. injunction