نمونه سوالات بيام نور با پاسخنامه PDFSTORE.IR مسالات بيام نور

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کار شناسی



حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است

| سری سوال: یک ۱ | قیقه) : تستی : ۶۰٪ تشریحی : ۰ | زمان آزمون (د | تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحي: . |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | ارجى تخصصى | عنـــوان درس: متون حقوقی ۲زبان خا |
| | |)1 | رش ته تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۲۱۲۱۷۸ |
| 1-"causation" means i | n Persian: | | |
| مستى 1. | سببيّت 2. | 3. جنون | 4. برهان |
| 2-"strict liability" mea | ns in Persian: | | |
| مسئولیت نهایی .1 | توانایی جسمی 2. | رفتار مضّر 3. | مسئوليت مطلق 4. |
| 3-"consent" means in | Persian: | | |
| 1. رضایت | 2. تمكين | ناخواسته 3. | 4. دلیل |
| 4-"incapacity" means | in Persian: | | |
| عدم توافق 1. | عدم رعایت 2۰ | عدم اهلیت 3۰ | ناگوار .4 |
| 5-"suicide pact" mean | s in Persian: | | |
| توا <mark>فق جان</mark> بی .1 | خودكشى آنى 2. | پیمان خودکشی .3 | سازگاری 4۰ |
| | | ، " كدام است؟ | ۶- معادل انگلیسی واژه" تحریک |
| insane .f | deterence · * | intoxication . ٢ | provocation .1 |
| | | ـد " كدام است؟ | ٧– معادل انگلیسی واژه ؒ قتل عم |
| mansluahther . f | murder .٣ | infanticide .٢ | homicide .1 |
| | | لاتی " کدام است؟ | ۸− معادل انگلیسی واژه " بی مبالا |
| reckless .* | kindness . ٣ | mention · ۲ | causation .\ |
| | | جسمانی ″ کدام است؟ | ۹– معادل انگلیسی <mark>وا</mark> ژه ّ آسیب |
| bodily defect 🧃 | mental loss . ٣ | bodily harm . ٢ | infection 🕚 |
| | | ير مجاز " كدام است؟ | -1• معادل انگلیسی واژه″ ورود غ |
| murder .۴ | burglary . " | injury .۲ | theft 🕚 |
| ¹¹⁻ " injury " means: | | | |
| ^{1.} liable | ^{2.} case | ^{3.} harm | ^{4.} failur |
| 12-" theft " means: | | | |
| ¹ - traspass | ^{2.} kill | ^{3.} arson | ^{4.} steal |
| | | | |

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حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است

| سری سوال: یک ۱ | ن (دقیقه): تستی: ۶۰٪ تشریحی: . | زمان آزمور | نعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠٪ تشريحي: . |
|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | | جی تخصصی | عنـــوان درس: متون حقوقی ۲زبان خار |
| | | | رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۱۲۱۲۱۷۸ |
| 13-" crime " means: | | | |
| 1. omission | ^{2.} offence | ^{3.} illegal | ^{4.} carriage |
| 14-" incitement " means: | | | |
| 1. infiction | ^{2.} instigation | ^{3.} remainder | ^{4.} requirement |
| 15-" circumstance" mean | s: | | |
| 1. situation | ^{2.} accomodation | ^{3.} localization | ^{4.} amendment |
| ¹⁶⁻ The actus reus is the p | hysical element of a | | |
| 1. intention | ^{2.} crime | ^{3.} conduct | ^{4.} act |
| 17-An aspect of the actus | reus that can cause pro | blems is the | of causation. |
| 1. position | ^{2.} requirement | ^{3.} potent | ^{4.} omission |
| 18-A person iswher | e they take un unjusti <mark>fie</mark> | <mark>ed risk of co</mark> mmittin | g the offence. |
| 1- reklessness | ^{2.} negligence | ^{3.} insane | ^{4.} liable |
| 19-Children under 10 year | rs of age not criminally | for their actions | 5. |
| 1. mistake | | ^{2.} insanity | |
| ^{3.} responsible | | ^{4.} self-defence | |
| | | ul or indecent assa | ult ,he may be justified in |
| using force into 1. pressure | ² · rebut | 3. operation | ^{4.} self-defense |
| · | | • | |
| 21is the dishonest permanently deprive t | | ty belonging to and | other with an intention to |
| ¹ . burglary | ^{2.} rubbery | ^{3.} theft | ^{4.} trespass |
| 22-The criminal damage of | or aggravated criminal da | amage caused by fir | e is regarded as |
| 1. killing | ^{2.} arson | ^{3.} inability | ^{4.} deception |
| 23is someone w | ho enters the building or | part of a building v | without permission or |
| 1. murderer | ^{2.} thief | ^{3.} fraud | ^{4.} trespasser |
| | | | |

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| سری سوال : یک ۱ | قه): تستى: ، ۶۰ تشریحى: ، | | سوالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحى: |
|---|---|--|---|
| | | | وان درس: متون حقوقی ۲زبار تحصیلی/کد درس: حقوق ۲۸ |
| 24-The provision of ma | aterial assistance to the | principal at the time the o | offence is committe |
| ¹ - committing | | ^{2.} aiding | |
| 3. encouragement | | ^{4.} incitement | |
| 25-Which one is not the | ne actus reus of seconda | ry participation ? | |
| 1. abetting | ^{2.} counseling | 3. procuring | 4. constituting |
| 26-Placing another in f | ear of immediate and u | nlawful personal violence. | |
| 1. assault | ^{2.} duress | 3. carelessness | 4. manslaughter |
| | | e person or item of proper r item of property .The ser 2. transferred malice | ntence refers to |
| | | | |
| ^{3.} criminal damage | | 4. gross negligence | |
| | | 4. gross negligence ence are referred to as the | |
| 28- Those who commit 1. secondary offend | the actus reus of an off dder | | |
| 28-Those who commit | the actus reus of an off dder | ence are referred to as the | |
| 28-Those who commit 1. secondary offende 3. principal offende 29-A person may have | the actus reus of an offo der er e a <u>defence</u> where they o | ence are referred to as the | ed to commit the |
| 28-Those who commit 1. secondary offende 3. principal offende 29-A person may have | the actus reus of an offo der er e a <u>defence</u> where they o | ence are referred to as the 2. minor injury 4. criminal offence can show they where force | ed to commit the |
| 28-Those who commit 1. secondary offende 3. principal offende 29-A person may have crime, because of the | the actus reus of an offo der er e a <u>defence</u> where they o | ence are referred to as the 2. minor injury 4. criminal offence can show they where force y another person .lt refers | ed to commit the |
| 28-Those who commit 1. secondary offende 3. principal offende 29-A person may have crime, because of the duress 3. seroius injury | the actus reus of an offeder er e a <u>defence</u> where they o hreats made to them by | ence are referred to as the 2. minor injury 4. criminal offence can show they where force y another person .It refers 2. self-defence | ed to commit the to |